[This question paper contains 4 printed pages.]

Sr. No. of Question Paper: 626

Roll No.....

Name of the Course

: B.A. (H) Business Economics

Name of the Paper

: Econometrics Theory and Applications (OC)

XXIII & XXIV (Group F(ii))

Semester

: VI

Duration

: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks

: 60

Instructions for Candidates

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
- 2. Attempt **five** questions in all.
- 3. Q. No. 1 is compulsory.
- 4. Use of commercial calculators is allowed.
- 5. All questions carry equal marks.
- 1. Comment on the following giving sufficient reasoning.

 (4×3)

- (a) If a qualitative variable has n-categories, we should introduce (n+1) dummy variables to estimate the effect of each category.
- (b) Type II error is more serious than Type I error.
- (c) Mean of sampling distribution is always equal to the population mean.
- (d) In regression we try to minimize the sum of the squares of residuals.
- 2. (a) Prove that the OLS estimator of slope is linear and has minimum variance. (7)

(5)

(b) You are given the following regression result

$$Y_t = 16899 - 2978.5 x_t$$

 $t = (8.5152)$ (-4.728)
 $R^2 = 0.6149$

Find the sample size underlying the result.

- 3. (a) What are reciprocal models? Give an example. What are the various shapes it can attain? Discuss. (5)
 - (b) Given below is the relationship between income (Y) and advertising expenditure (X) for a sample of 21 firms.

Model 1:
$$Yi = 22.163 + 0.3631 X_i$$

 $S.E = (7.089) (.0971)$
 $r^2 = 0.424$

Model 2:
$$Y_i = 7.059 + 1.0847 X_i - 0.0040 X_i^2$$

 $S.E = (9.986) \quad (0.3699) \quad (0.0019)$
 $R^2 = 0.53$

- (i) Interpret model 2.
- (ii) Is the addition of a variable incorporated in model II justified? (Use F test) (3,4)
- 4. (a) What do you understand by the term Auto correlation? How it detected and what is are the remedies for it? Give one example of each. (5)
 - (b) The sale of refrigerators is given by the following function:

$$Y_t = 456.24 + 242.49 D_{2t} + 325.26 D_{3t} - 86.08 D_{4t} + 2.773 x_{t.}$$

 $t = (2.56) (3.69) (4.94) (-1.307) (4.4)$
 $R^2 = 0.729$

Where

Y = refrigerator sales in thousands rupees

X = Expenditure on durable goods in thousand rupees.

 $D_2 = 1$ in quarter II, 0 otherwise

 $D_3 = 1$ is Quarter III, 0 otherwise

 $D_4 = 1$ in Quarter IV, 0 otherwise

- (i) Interpret the model.
- (ii) Write down the equations for sale of refrigerators in Quarter I, II, III & IV.
- (iii) How would you alter the model to introduce interaction effects between the quarterly dummy and expenditure on durable goods? (2,4,1)
- 5. (a) Show what happens to the regression coefficients of explanatory variables if there is perfect collinearity amongst them. (5)
 - (b) Given the following regression model:

$$Y_{t} = \beta_{1} + \beta_{2} X_{2t} + \beta_{3} X_{3t} + \beta_{4} X_{4t}$$

Where Y = demand for petrol in liters

 X_2 = price of petrol in Rupees

 X_3 = price of diesel in Rupees

 X_4 = Income of consumer in Rupees.

The following results were obtained

$$Y = 732 - 0.65 X_2 + 0.73 X_3 + 23.2 X_4$$

$$t = (0.76) (-0.032) (.056) (2.06)$$

$$R^2 = 0.72$$

- (i) Interpret the model.
- (ii) What is the likely problem in the model? What are its causes?
- (iii) Suggest a remedy for the problem.

(2,3,2)

- 6. Write short notes on any three:
 - (i) JB Test of normality
 - (ii) R² vs Adjusted R²
 - (iii) Regression through the origin
 - (iv) Double log models

 (3×4)